The assertion that funds or hedge funds run by women perform better than those run by men is made by a number of books and studies. However, such studies typically compare between 70 and 200 female fund managers with many thousands of male ones, leading some observers to question whether the results are conclusive. In any case, very few allocators focus exclusively on women-managed funds; even some US mandates allocate to WMBE (Women and Minority-owned Business Enterprises) will include firms run by certain ethnic minority groups and the disabled, as well as by women. So we think that women fund managers are earning allocations on their own merits and are performing well in a variety of vehicles, ranging from traditional offshore regulated funds such as Cayman vehicles, to onshore regulated structures including UCITS and ‘40 Act mutual funds, as well as customised managed accounts, insurance companies, pension funds, endowments and foundations.

One essential entry ticket for the hedge fund industry now seems to be higher education, and some of this survey’s fifty have as many as four or more degrees, while others began their careers in academia. But not all of the women in this survey have attended the most expensive universities, such as Ivy League colleges in the US. Some have attended much lower-cost and publicly funded universities outside the US, in countries including Ireland, Russia, Indonesia, the Netherlands and Norway. This shows how the hedge fund industry is a meritocratic one, where individuals from diverse educational backgrounds can prove themselves on the job; most of the 50 Women finished academic study after receiving their Bachelor’s degree. But professional study undertaken after university can also be a popular choice. The MBA or Masters in Finance is still the most widely held postgraduate qualification, with doctorates, legal, accountancy or actuarial qualifications also held by some women. At least six (12%) are CFA Charterholders and three (6%) are CAIA Charterholders.

The new CFA Institute CEO, Paul Smith, argued at the CFA Annual Conference in Frankfurt in 2015, that the investment industry “needs to hire and promote more women”. Hedge funds are only one subset of the investment industry, but we think our survey (and the many nominations we received that did not appear this year) suggest that the hedge fund industry is offering a springboard of opportunity. Hedge funds that by their nature have a more entrepreneurial culture and a flat structure, contrasting with the hierarchical nature of some corporate bureaucracies, may be able to offer swifter advancement.

Both the CFA Institute and the CAIA Association are amongst many organisations that have various initiatives to help women progress in the investment industry; CAIA has a scholarship programme for women that was taken advantage of by at least one person in this survey. Some nominees are actively involved in groups such as 100 Women in Hedge Funds (100 WHF) and High Water Women, and there are also manifold specialist groups including those for women business lawyers.

We feel compelled to flag up two disclaimers. Firstly, while a handful of women in our prior surveys are not currently working in the hedge fund industry, most of the women in the previous three surveys continue to have very strong claims to be in this one. And secondly, the ceiling of 50 names inevitably means that we are constrained from recognising the many hundreds of very strong candidates, who could well appear in future surveys or indeed other articles. We also recognise that in an industry with over 10,000 funds, and hundreds of service providers, we will not have received comprehensive nominations on every woman in a senior role. Nominations come from our industry network, including prime brokers, banks, lawyers, accountants, administrators, custodians, fund allocators, trade associations, and professional associations.

As industry assets break new records above $3 trillion, thousands of women worldwide are rising up through the ranks of hedge funds and are setting their sights on “C-suite” roles that now look more attainable than ever.
Darcy Bradbury
Managing Director and Director of External Affairs
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As their first MD of External Affairs, Darcy Bradbury handles regulatory affairs and communications globally for the D.E. Shaw group, one of The Hedge Fund Journal’s US 50 managers, which manages more than $36 billion and has offices in the US, Europe, and Asia. While at D. E. Shaw, she was elected the first woman Chair of the Board, Chair of the Legislative Committee, and Chair of the Trading and Markets Committee of the Managed Funds Association. Before that Bradbury was a Managing Director at Blackstone, heading up client relations and marketing for the hedge fund group. Bradbury served the US Government as Assistant Secretary to the US Treasury, working under President Clinton and supporting Bob Rubin as Treasury Secretary, and also served as Deputy Comptroller for Finance for New York City. She holds an MBA from Harvard Business School and an AB from Harvard College. She is a member of the Council on Foreign Relations, The Economic Club of New York, the US SEC’s Investor Advisory Committee, and the US CFTC’s Global Markets Advisory Committee.
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